## Scottish Lyme Disease and Tick-borne infections Reference

## Samples and turn-around times:

| Test  | Specimen required               | Volume                     | Turn-around time   | Comment  |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Screening EIA &<br>confirmatory IgG<br>and IgM<br>Immunoblot for<br><i>B. burgdorferi</i><br>antibodies | Clotted blood<br>Serum          | 5 ml<br>500 µl             | Screen: 3<br>days<br>Immunoblot: 5<br>days   | Testing <u>NOT</u><br>indicated for<br>asymptomatic<br>patients  |
| CSF testing for<br>intrathecal<br>production of <i>B.</i><br><i>burgdorferi</i><br>antibodies           | CSF<br>&<br>Paired serum        | 1 ml<br>500 µl             | 14 days<br>(Currently<br>albumin & IgG<br>levels cannot<br>be done in-<br>house and are<br>referred) | CSF samples<br><u>must</u> be<br>accompanied by<br>serum taken on<br>the same day<br>CSF must not be<br>bloodstained |
| Pan-borrelia<br>PCR<br>B. burgdorferi<br>(Lyme disease)   | Joint fluid<br>(CSF)*<br>Tissue | 200µl<br>200µl<br>Variable | 7 days   | Samples for PCR<br><u>must</u> be<br>accompanied by<br>serum sample  |
| B. miyamotoi  | EDTA whole<br>blood<br>CSF      | 5 ml<br>200µl              | 7 days   | Sample should be<br>taken during<br>febrile phase (<4<br>weeks onset)  |
| PCR for<br>Anaplasma<br>phagocytophilum   | EDTA whole<br>blood             | 5 ml                       | 7 days   | Sample should be<br>taken in acute<br>phase of illness<br>(<4 weeks onset)   |

\*CSF testing by PCR not routinely offered for patients with suspected neuroborreliosis as CSF serology is the method of choice